

Consider the statement "All calculus students have passed the same placement test."

SCORE: ____ / 5 PTS

[a] Write the statement symbolically, using **TWO** variables. State clearly the domains and predicate.

$\frac{1}{2}$ $S = \{\text{CALCULUS STUDENTS}\}$ $P(s,t) = \text{"s HAS PASSED t"}$

$\frac{1}{2}$ $T = \{\text{PLACEMENT TESTS}\}$ $\exists t \in T: \forall s \in S, P(s,t)$

NO CREDIT IF
PREDICATES
DON'T HAVE
"s" AND "t"

[b] Write the negation of the statement symbolically, using the domains and predicate from [a].

$\sim(\exists t \in T: \forall s \in S, P(s,t)) \equiv \forall t \in T, \sim(\forall s \in S, P(s,t)) \equiv \forall t \in T, \exists s \in S: \sim P(s,t)$

Consider the statement "De Anza students enrolled in at least 5 units are eligible for an Eco Pass".

SCORE: ____ / 6 PTS

[a] Write the statement symbolically, using **TWO** predicates. State clearly the domain and predicates.

$\frac{1}{2}$ $D = \{ \text{DE ANZA STUDENTS} \}$

$\frac{1}{2}$ $P(x) = "x \text{ IS ENROLLED IN AT LEAST 5 UNITS}"$

$\frac{1}{2}$ $Q(x) = "x \text{ IS ELIGIBLE FOR AN ECO PASS}"$

NO CREDIT IF
PREDICATES
DON'T HAVE "x"

$\forall x \in D, P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)$

[b] Write the negation of the statement symbolically, using the domain and predicates from [a].
Also, write that negation informally (in natural sounding English).

$\sim(\forall x \in D, P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)) \equiv \exists x \in D: \sim(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)) \equiv \exists x \in D: P(x) \wedge \sim Q(x)$

THERE IS A DE ANZA STUDENT ENROLLED IN AT LEAST 5 UNITS
WHO IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR AN ECO PASS

[c] Write the inverse of the statement symbolically, using the domain and predicates from [a].

$\forall x \in D, \sim P(x) \rightarrow \sim Q(x)$

Let $P(x)$ be the predicate “ x is a perfect square”. Let $Q(x)$ be the predicate “ $x^2 - 1$ is a multiple of 5”.

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Let $D = \{1, 4, 5, 7, 9\}$ be the domain of both predicates.

[a] Find the truth set of $P(x)$. You do NOT need to justify your answer.

① $\{1, 4, 9\}$

[b] Find the truth set of $Q(x)$. You do NOT need to justify your answer.

② $\{1, 4, 9\}$

[c] Is the statement $P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$ true or false? Explain very briefly.

①½ YES, TRUTH SET OF $P(x) \subseteq$ TRUTH SET OF $Q(x)$. ①½

Write the following statement informally (in natural sounding English).

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Your answer should NOT use the phrases “for all”, “for every”, “for each”, “for any”, “such that”, “there exists”, “there is”.

$$\forall s \in S, \exists m \in M : \sim T(s, m)$$

where S = set of all De Anza students, M = set of all De Anza math classes,

and $T(s, m)$ = “ s has taken m ”

NO DEANZA STUDENT HAS TAKEN EVERY DEANZA MATH CLASS.

GRADED BY ME

Let $A = \{-2, 1, 3\}$ and $B = \{-2, 0, 2\}$.

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Let $P(x, y)$ be the predicate " $2x + y^2$ is a multiple of 3" with domain $A \times B$ (ie. $x \in A$ and $y \in B$).

Determine if the statement " $\forall x \in A, \exists y \in B : P(x, y)$ " is true or false.

Justify your answer as shown in lecture. Use as few examples/counterexamples as possible.

FOR EACH $x \in A$

TEST $\exists y \in B : P(x, y)$

$x = -2$	$\exists y \in B : -4 + y^2$ IS A MULTIPLE OF 3	TRUE $y = 2$ OR -2
$x = 1$	$2 + y^2$	TRUE $y = 2$ OR -2
$x = 3$	$9 + y^2$	TRUE $y = 0$

TRUE

EACH ITEM WORTH $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

EITHER
VALUE
↓
IS OK

Prove that the following argument is valid using the Rules of Inference.
Give the reason for each step as shown in lecture.

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- [1] $\sim r \rightarrow p$
- [2] $\sim s \vee w$
- [3] $\sim p \wedge q$
- [4] $(\sim q \vee r) \rightarrow s$
 $\therefore w$

$\sim p \wedge q$ [3]
 $\therefore \sim p$ SPEC
 $\sim r \rightarrow p$ [1]
 $\therefore r$ MT
 $\therefore \sim q \vee r$ GEN
 $(\sim q \vee r) \rightarrow s$ [4]
 $\therefore s$ MP
 $\sim s \vee w$ [2]
 $\therefore w$ ELIM

EACH LINE WORTH ①
SUBTRACT ①/2 FOR EACH
MISSING REASON
(MUST BE IN THIS ORDER)